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Predmet: Poslovna analiza i izveštavanje  
Specijalističke studije  
Visoka poslovna škola strukovnih studija Valjevo

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### Statistika

- Statistika je naučni metod koji se koristi za prikupljanje, prikazivanje, analizu i interpretaciju podataka i donošenje statističkih zaključaka

**STATISTIKA**

Teorijska      Primenjena

Deskriptivna      Inferencijalna statistika (statističko zaključivanje)

Sastoji se od metoda prikupljanja, sređivanja, prikazivanja i opisivanja podataka pomoću tabele, grafikona i sumarnih pokazatelja

Obuhvata statističke metode koje primenjujemo da bismo na osnovu rezultata iz dela osnovnog skupa došli do zaključaka o karakteristikama osnovnog skupa

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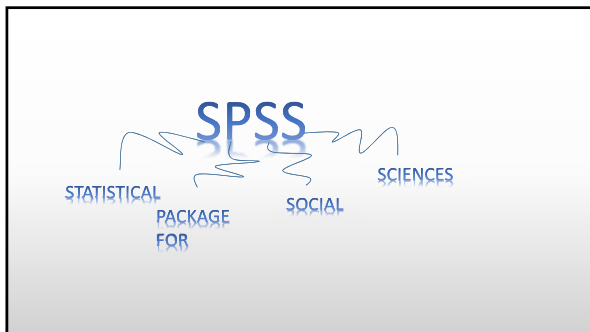
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STATISTICAL PACKAGE FOR SOCIAL SCIENCES

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Literatura za spremanje kolokvijuma i ispita:  
 Odabrana poglavlja knjige Prmenjena analiza podataka/Dr Jasna Soldić Aleksić/



Izvor:  
 Prmenjena analiza podataka/Dr Jasna Soldić Aleksić/ strana 1-43

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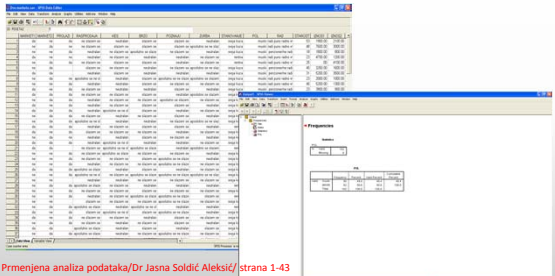
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### 1. Rad sa prozorima



Prmenjena analiza podataka/Dr Jasna Soldić Aleksić/ strana 1-43

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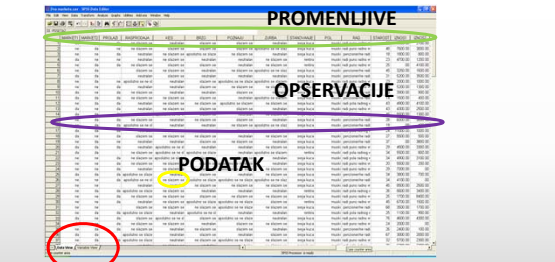
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Slika 1: Editor podataka – Data View

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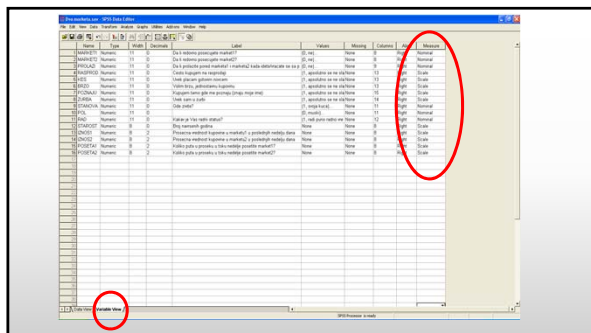
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## 2. Glavne komande

- Glavni meni u prozoru editora podataka sadrži sledeće komande:
  - File
  - Edit
  - View
  - **Transform**
  - Analyze
  - Graphs
  - Utilities
  - Add-ons
  - Window
  - Help

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## 3. PRELIMINARNA ANALIZA PODATAKA

- Procedure za sumarno prikazivanje podataka
  - Procedura *Frequencies* [BANK SRB.SAV](#)
  - Procedura *Descriptives* (*MIN, MAX, SREDNJA VREDNOST, STANDARDNA DEVIJACIJA*) [BANK SRB.SAV](#)

Primenjena analiza podataka/Dr Jasna Soldić Aleksić/ strana 104-135

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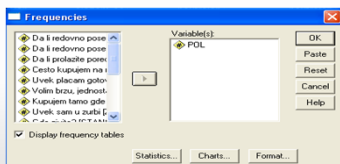
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### Procedura Frequencies



Na slici 1 prikazan je okvir za dijalog ove porcedure na primeru podataka datoteke dva\_marketa.sav

Slika 1. Okvir za dijalog

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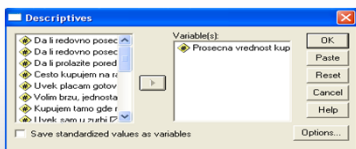
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### Procedura Descriptives



Ova procedura daje sumarne statistike slično proceduri *Frequencies*.

Slika 2. Okvir za dijalog

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## 4. PRELIMINARNA ANALIZA PODATAKA

- Eksplorativna analiza podataka – Procedura *Explore*

3 tačke provere podataka:

- Simetričnost
- Ekstremne vrednosti
- Normalnost raspodele podataka

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### 3 tačke provere podataka:



- Simetričnost
- Ekstremne vrednosti
- Normalnost raspodele podataka

H0: promenljiva ima normalnu raspodelu      H0: sig > 0.05  
H1: promenljiva nema normalnu raspodelu    H1: sig < 0.05

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## 5. Procedure za poređenje sredina

Primenjena analiza podataka/Dr Jasna Soldić Aleksić/ strana 152-162

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## One-Sample T-Test

Ova procedura se primenjuje za testiranje hipoteze o jednakosti prosečne vrednosti posmatrane promenljive navedenoj vrednosti na bazi jednog uzorka.

Nulta hipoteza t testa je:  
Ho:  $\mu = 2$   
Protiv alternativne hipoteze:  
H1:  $\mu \neq 2$

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### One-Sample T-Test

U postupku testiranja primenjuje se test statistika:

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{\frac{S_{\bar{x}}}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{\frac{S}{\sqrt{n}}}$$

Koja ima n-1 stepeni slobode

n – veličina uzorka

$\bar{x}$  - uzoračka sredina

$S_{\bar{x}}$  - Ocena standardne greške sredine

S – uzoračke sandardna devijacija

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**One-Sample T-Test**

Pretpostavka istraživača je da se ROL 2013 u proseku ne razlikuje od 2

Datoteka: Baza 300

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**T-Test**

One-Sample Statistics			
	N	Mean	Std. Deviation
Prinos opšte ispodročja 2013	300	4,11	27,333

One-Sample Test					
	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	95% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
				Lower	Upper
Prinos opšte ispodročja 2013	1,362	299	,177	-.97	6,14

Nulta hipoteza t testa je:  
 H0:  $\mu = 2$   
 Protiv alternativne hipoteze:  
 H1:  $\mu \neq 2$

Sig > 0,05 – H0  
 Sig < 0,05 – H1

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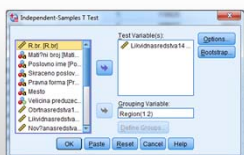
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## Independent-Samples T-test

- Procedura Independent-Samples T-test se upotrebljava za testiranje hipoteze o jednakosti aritmetičkih sredina posmatranog oveležja za dva skupa kada imamo nezavisne uzorke.



Nulta hipoteza t testa je:  
 $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$   
 Protiv alternativne hipoteze:  
 $H_1: \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$

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Group Statistics				
	Statistic	N	Mean	Std. Deviation
Lisovska		1	500	213090.71
resistor14		2	100	110464.85

		Levene's Test for Equality of Variances		t-Test for Equality of Means						
		F	Sig.	t	df	Sig. (2-tailed)	Mean Difference	Std. Error Difference	90% Confidence Interval of the Difference	
							Lower	Upper		
Lisovska	Equal variances assumed	1.455	.228	365	198	.368	55236.660	31905.319	-76822.026	166475.343
resistor14	Equal variances not assumed			365	159.446	.368	55236.660	63009.319	-72598.812	160862.132

Sig > 0,05 zaključujemo da za obe promenljive može prihvatiti tvrđenje da su jednake varijanse u dve grupe

Nulta hipoteza t testa je:  
 $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$   
 Protiv alternativne hipoteze:  
 $H_1: \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$   
 Sig > 0,05 – H0  
 Sig < 0,05 – H1

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## 6. Procedure za neparametarske testove

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**Mann-Whitney U test**

Istraživačko pitanje: Da li postoji značajna razlika u prosečnom nivou LIKVIDNIH SREDSTAVA IZMEĐU KOLUBARSKOG I MAČVANSKOG OKRUGA?

Ho:  $\sigma > \alpha$  Ne postoji značajna razlika

H1:  $\sigma < \alpha$  Postoji razlika

Parametarska alternativa:  
Independent-Samples T-test

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